Preventing Sudden Infant Death Syndrome



Sudden Infant Death Syndrome (SIDS) is the unexplained death of an infant younger than one year old. Most SIDS deaths happen between 2 months and 4 months of age.

What is especially frightening is no one is certain what causes it. Recent studies suggest a deficiency in serotonin. This brain chemical helps regulate breathing, temperature, sleeping, and other functions.

What is clear is that certain babies are at greater risk. African-American and Native-American babies die from SIDS at a higher rate compared to white babies. As a parent or caregiver for a baby, there are steps you can take to prevent SIDS:

- Always place babies on their backs for naps and to sleep Babies who sleep on their stomachs or sides are at higher risk for SIDS.
- Place your baby in a safety approved crib on a firm mattress covered with a fitted sheet – Never place a baby to sleep on a pillow, sofa, soft mattress, waterbed or other soft surface.
- Keep soft toys, stuffed animals and loose bedding out of your baby's sleep area – Don't use pillows, blankets or quilts in your baby's sleep area.
- Keep your baby from overheating during sleep Make sure the baby's face and head stay uncovered. Dress your baby in light sleep clothing. The room temperature should be comfortable for an adult.
- Make sure no one smokes around your baby.
- Consider using a clean, dry pacifier when laying your baby down to sleep.

Back-sleeping has lowered the rate of SIDS. Reduce your baby's chances of SIDS even more by not sharing your bed.